- (2) ADDITIONAL REMEDY.—If the court in an action under paragraph (1) finds that the defendant willfully, knowingly, or repeatedly violated subsection (a) or (b), the court may, in its discretion, increase the amount of the award under paragraph (1)(B) to an amount not greater than three times the amount available under paragraph (1)(B)(ii).
- (3) LITIGATION COSTS AND ATTORNEY FEES.—In any action under paragraph (1), the court may, in its discretion, require an undertaking for the payment of the costs of such action and assess reasonable costs, including reasonable attorney fees, against the defendant.
- (4) VENUE.—In addition to any contractual provision otherwise, venue for an action under paragraph (1) shall lie where the computer software concerned was installed or used or where the person alleged to have committed the violation concerned is found.
- (5) PROTECTION OF TRADE SECRETS.—At the request of any party to an action under paragraph (1), or any other participant in such action, the court may, in its discretion, issue a protective order and conduct proceedings in such action so as to protect the secrecy and security of the computer, computer network, computer data, computer program, and computer software involved in order to—
- (A) prevent possible recurrence of the same or a similar act by another person; or
- (B) protect any trade secrets of such party or participant.
- (f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) COLLECT.—The term "collect" means the gathering of information about a computer or a user of computer software by any means, whether direct or indirect and whether active or passive.
- (2) COMPUTER.—The term "computer" means a programmable electronic device that can store, retrieve, and process data.
- (3) COMPUTER SOFTWARE.—(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the term "computer software" means any program designed to cause a computer to perform a desired function or functions.
- (B) The term does not include a text file, or cookie, placed on a person's computer system by an Internet service provider, interactive computer service, or commercial Internet website to return information to the Internet service provider, interactive computer service, commercial Internet website, or third party if the person subsequently uses the Internet service provider or interactive computer service, or accesses the commercial Internet website.
- (4) INFORMATION.—The term "information" means information that personally identifies a user of computer software, including the following:
- (A) A first and last name, whether given at birth or adoption, assumed, or legally changed.
- (B) A home or other physical address including street name and name of a city or town.
 - (C) An electronic mail address.
 - (D) A telephone number.
 - (E) A social security number.
- (F) A credit card number, any access code associated with the credit card, or both.
- (G) A birth date, birth certificate number, or place of birth.
- (H) Any other unique information identifying an individual that a computer software provider, Internet service provider, interactive computer service, or operator of a commercial Internet website collects and combines with information described in subparagraphs (A) through (G) of this paragraph.
- (5) PERSON.—The term "person" has the meaning given that term in section 3(32) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153(32)).

- (6) USER.—The term "user" means an individual who acquires, through purchase or otherwise, computer software for purposes other than resale.
- (g) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall take effect 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

ADDITIONAL COSPONSORS

S. 61

At the request of Mr. DEWINE, the name of the Senator from Utah (Mr. HATCH) was added as a cosponsor of S. 61, a bill to amend the Tariff Act of 1930 to eliminate disincentives to fair trade conditions.

S. 821

At the request of Mr. Lautenberg, the name of the Senator from California (Mrs. Feinstein) was added as a cosponsor of S. 821, a bill to provide for the collection of data on traffic stops.

S. 1020

At the request of Mr. GRASSLEY, the name of the Senator from Hawaii (Mr. AKAKA) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1020, a bill to amend chapter 1 of title 9, United States Code, to provide for greater fairness in the arbitration process relating to motor vehicle franchise contracts.

S. 1110

At the request of Mr. EDWARDS, his name was added as a cosponsor of S. 1110, a bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to establish the National Institute of Biomedical Imaging and Engineering.

S. 1197

At the request of Mr. ROTH, the name of the Senator from Vermont (Mr. Leahy) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1197, a bill to prohibit the importation of products made with dog or cat fur, to prohibit the sale, manufacture, offer for sale, transportation, and distribution of products made with dog or cat fur in the United States, and for other purposes.

S. 1536

At the request of Mr. DEWINE, the names of the Senator from South Dakota (Mr. Johnson), the Senator from California (Mrs. BOXER), the Senator from New Mexico (Mr. BINGAMAN), the Senator from Michigan (Mr. ABRAHAM), the Senator from New Jersey (Mr. LAU-TENBERG), the Senator from Ohio (Mr. VOINOVICH), the Senator from Alabama (Mr. Sessions), the Senator from Tennessee (Mr. Thompson), the Senator from Nebraska (Mr. KERREY), and the Senator from Pennsylvania (Mr. SPEC-TER) were added as cosponsors of S. 1536, a bill to amend the Older Americans Act of 1965 to extend authorizations of appropriations for programs under the Act, to modernize programs and services for older individuals, and for other purposes.

S. 2242

At the request of Mr. Thomas, the name of the Senator from Michigan (Mr. Abraham) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2242, a bill to amend the Federal Activities Inventory Reform Act

of 1998 to improve the process for identifying the functions of the Federal Government that are not inherently governmental functions, for determining the appropriate organizations for the performance of such functions on the basis of competition, and for other purposes.

S. 2358

At the request of Mr. INHOFE, the name of the Senator from Maine (Ms. SNOWE) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2358, a bill to amend the Public Health Service Act with respect to the operation by the National Institutes of Health of an experimental program to stimulate competitive research.

S. 2609

At the request of Mr. CRAIG, the name of the Senator from New Hampshire (Mr. SMITH) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2609, a bill to amend the Pittman-Robertson Wildlife Restoration Act and the Dingell-Johnson Sport Fish Restoration Act to enhance the funds available for grants to States for fish and wildlife conservation projects, and to increase opportunities for recreational hunting, bow hunting, trapping, archery, and fishing, by eliminating chances for waste, fraud, abuse, maladministration, and unauthorized expenditures for administration and implementation of those Acts, and for other purposes.

S. 2725

At the request of Mr. SMITH of New Hampshire, the names of the Senator from New York (Mr. MOYNIHAN), the Senator from Delaware (Mr. ROTH), and the Senator from Nevada (Mr. REID) were added as cosponsors of S. 2725, a bill to provide for a system of sanctuaries for chimpanzees that have been designated as being no longer needed in research conducted or supported by the Public Health Service, and for other purposes.

S. 2967

At the request of Mr. ROBB, his name was added as a cosponsor of S. 2967, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to facilitate competition in the electric power industry.

S. 3045

At the request of Mr. Sessions, the name of the Senator from Texas (Mr. GRAMM) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3045, a bill to improve the quality, timeliness, and credibility of forensic science services for criminal justice purposes.

S. 3089

At the request of Mr. Hagel, the names of the Senator from Rhode Island (Mr. Reed) and the Senator from Texas (Mrs. Hutchison) were added as cosponsors of S. 3089, a bill to authorize the design and construction of a temporary education center at the Vietnam Veterans Memorial.

S. 3091

At the request of Mr. GRASSLEY, the names of the Senator from Indiana (Mr. LUGAR) and the Senator from Kansas (Mr. ROBERTS) were added as cosponsors of S. 3091, a bill to implement

the recommendations of the General Accounting Office on improving the administration of the Packers and Stockyards Act, 1921 by the Department of Agriculture.

S. 3106

At the request of Mr. Jeffords, the name of the Senator from Iowa (Mr. Grassley) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3106, a bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to clarify the definition of homebound under the medicare home health benefit.

S. 3116

At the request of Mr. BREAUX, the name of the Senator from Nebraska (Mr. HAGEL) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3116, a bill to amend the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States to prevent circumvention of the sugar tariff-rate quotas.

S. 3127

At the request of Mr. Santorum, the names of the Senator from Missouri (Mr. Bond) and the Senator from Michigan (Mr. Abraham) were added as cosponsors of S. 3127, a bill to protect infants who are born alive.

S. 3137

At the request of Mr. MOYNIHAN, the name of the Senator from Maryland (Mr. SARBANES) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3137, a bill to establish a commission to commemorate the 250th anniversary of the birth of James Madison.

S. 3147

At the request of Mr. Robb, the names of the Senator from Arkansas (Mr. Hutchinson) and the Senator from New York (Mr. Moynihan) were added as cosponsors of S. 3147, a bill to authorize the establishment, on land of the Department of the Interior in the District of Columbia or its environs, of a memorial and gardens in honor and commemoration of Frederick Douglass.

S. 3152

At the request of Mr. ROTH, the names of the Senator from Minnesota (Mr. GRAMS) and the Senator from Kansas (Mr. BROWNBACK) were added as cosponsors of S. 3152, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide tax incentives for distressed areas, and for other purposes.

S. 3173

At the request of Mr. SMITH of New Hampshire, the name of the Senator from Utah (Mr. Bennett) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3173, a bill to improve the implementation of the environmental streamlining provisions of the Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century.

S. RES. 364

At the request of Mr. HATCH, the names of the Senator from Missouri (Mr. ASHCROFT), the Senator from Colorado (Mr. CAMPBELL), the Senator from Connecticut (Mr. LIEBERMAN), and the Senator from Virginia (Mr. ROBB) were added as cosponsors of S. Res. 364, a resolution commending Sydney, New South Wales, Australia for its successful conduct of the 2000 Summer Olym-

pic Games and congratulating the United States Olympic Team for its outstanding accomplishments at those Olympic Games.

CONCURRENT RESOLU-SENATE TION 145—EXPRESSING THE SENSE OF CONGRESS ON THEPROPRIETY AND NEED FOR EX-CONSTRUCTION PEDITIOUS OF THE NATIONAL WORLD WAR II MEMORIAL AT THE RAINBOW POOL ON THE NATIONAL MALL IN THE NATION'S CAPITAL

Mr. WARNER (for himself, Mr. INOUYE, Mr. THURMOND, and Mr. STEVENS) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. CON. RES. 145

Whereas World War II is the defining event of the twentieth century for the United States and its wartime allies:

Whereas in World War II, more than 16,000,000 American men and women served in uniform in the Armed Forces, more than 400,000 of them gave their lives, and more than 670,000 of them were wounded:

Whereas many millions more on the home front in the United States organized and sacrificed to give unwavering support to those in uniform:

Whereas fewer than 6,000,000 World War II veterans are surviving at the end of the twentieth century, and the Nation mourns the passing of more than 1,200 veterans each day:

Whereas Congress, in Public Law 103-422 (108 Stat. 4356) enacted in 1994, approved the location of a memorial to this epic era in an area of the National Mall that includes the Rainbow Pool:

Whereas since 1995, the National World War II Memorial site and design have been the subject of 19 public hearings that have resulted in an endorsement from the State Historic Preservation Officer of the District of Columbia, three endorsements from the District of Columbia Historic Preservation Review Board, the endorsement of many Members of Congress, and, most significantly, four approvals from the Commission of Fine Arts and four approvals from the National Capital Planning Commission (including the approvals of those Commissions for the final architectural design);

Whereas on Veterans Day 1995, the President dedicated the approved site at the Rainbow Pool on the National Mall as the site for the National World War II Memorial; and

Whereas fundraising for the National World War II Memorial has been enormously successful, garnering enthusiastic support from half a million individual Americans, hundreds of corporations and foundations, dozens of civic, fraternal, and professional organizations, state legislatures, students in 1,100 schools, and more than 450 veterans groups representing 11,000,000 veterans: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That it is the sense of Congress that—

(1) it is appropriate for the United States to memorialize in the Nation's Capital the triumph of democracy over tyranny in World War II, the most important event of the twentieth century:

(2) the will of the American people to memorialize that triumph and all who labored to achieve it, and the decisions made on that memorialization by the appointed bodies charged by law with protecting the public's interests in the design, location, and construction of memorials on the National Mall in the Nation's Capital, should be fulfilled by the construction of the National World War II Memorial, as designed, at the approved and dedicated Rainbow Pool site on the National Mall; and

(3) it is imperative that expeditious action be taken to commence and complete the construction of the National World War II Memorial so that the completed memorial will be dedicated while Americans of the World War II generation are alive to receive the national tribute embodied in that memorial, which they earned with their sacrifice and achievement during the largest and most devastating war the world has known.

CONCURRENT RESOLU-SENATE TION 146—A CONCURRENT RESO-LUTION CONDEMNING THE AS-SASSINATION OF FATHER JOHN KAISER AND OTHERS IN KENYA, AND CALLING FOR A THOROUGH INVESTIGATION TO $_{
m BE}$ CON-DUCTED IN THOSE CASES, A RE-PORT ON THE PROGRESS MADE IN SUCH AN INVESTIGATION TO BE SUBMITTED TO CONGRESS BY DECEMBER 15, 2000, AND A FINAL REPORT ON SUCH AN INVES-TIGATION TO BE MADE PUBLIC, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Mr. WELLSTONE (for himself and Mr. GRAMS) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations:

S. CON. RES. 146

Whereas Father John Kaiser, a Catholic of the Order of the Mill Hill Missionaries and a native of Minnesota, who for 36 years served as a missionary in the Kisii and Ngong Dioceses in the Republic of Kenya and advocated the rights of all Kenyans, was shot dead on Wednesday, August 23, 2000;

Whereas Father Kaiser was a frequently outspoken advocate on issues of human rights and against the injustice of government corruption in Kenya;

Whereas fellow priests report that Father Kaiser spoke to them of his fear for his life on the night before his assassination;

Whereas the murders of Father Stallone, Father Graife, and Father Luigi Andeni, all of Marsabit Diocese in Kenya, the circumstances of the murder of Brother Larry Timors of Nakaru Diocese in Kenya, the murder of Father Martin Boyle of Eldoret Diocese, and the murders of other local human rights advocates in Kenya have not yet been fully explained, nor have the perpetrators of these murders been brought to justice;

Whereas the report of a Kenyan governmental commission, known as the Akiwumi Commission, on the government's investigation into tribal violence between 1992 and 1997 in Kenya's Great Rift Valley has not yet been released in spite of several requests by numerous church leaders and human rights organizations to have the Commission's findings released to the public;

Whereas, after Father Kaiser's assassination, documents were found on his body that he had intended to present to the Akiwumi Commission:

Whereas the nongovernmental Kenyan Human Rights Commission has expressed fear that the progress achieved in Kenya during the last few years in the struggle for democracy, the rule of law, respect for human rights, and meeting the basic needs of all